Ghost of John Brown

CLEVELAND WEEKLY PLAIN DEALER.

TERMS—Single copy, One Dollar and Fifty Cents, "WE JOIN OURSELVES TO NO PARTY THAT DOES NOT CARRY THE FLAG AND KEEP STEP TO THE MUSIC OF THE UNION." TERMS—Invariably in Advance.

VOLUME XIX. CLEVELAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1860. NUMBER 43

Poetry.

FREE YOUNG LADIES.

Here's a standing set of men,
Free young ladies,
Ready for the fray,
Free young ladies,
Nothin shy at Democrats,
Free young ladies,
Sorry what's a coward,
Free young ladies.

Willow-switch and cowhide sticks,
Free young ladies,
Ready for the fray,
Free young ladies,
Sticks blocked up on standing fences,
Free young ladies,
Don't like black-eyed Democrats,
Free young ladies.

Ridley bullies are a-comin,
Free young ladies,
Ready for the fray,
Free young ladies,
When we've sworn a plain
Free young ladies,
We'll do it, you may depend on it,
Free young ladies.

There we come, a-comin,
Free young ladies,
Ready for the fray,
Free young ladies,
Fearless when we charge slow,
Free young ladies,
Thoughtful when we stop and think,
Free young ladies.

On the Union we have set forth,
Free young ladies,
Ready for the fray once more,
Free young ladies,
Tally to always say aside,
Free young ladies, Tally Ho!
That's the word to start,
Free young ladies.

Who says it is the hindmost fly,
Free young ladies,
I reckon we'll be there,
Free young ladies,
Lose it handily or, such the chief
Free young ladies,
We'll not consider to get it,
Free young ladies.

Not to mean it,
Free young ladies,
Ridley bullies are a-comin,
Free young ladies,
Ready for the fray,
Free young ladies,
Further this measure and shall,
Free young ladies,
Ridley bullies are a-comin,
Free young ladies.

Give us room, we're fixed,
Free young ladies,
Ridley bullies are a-comin,
Free young ladies,
Say no, hide, homemade shirt,
Northern tyrant is no more,
Sentinel we can have,
Free young ladies.

Obituary of the spirit over the Ohio.

Little boy of seven years, with curly hair and bare feet, buttoned and a-cross all the lower.

Can't get it on, Jim, can't get it on, dead.
He holds it a-gain the fold,
Tells all to a-gain the cross—
A rebel must have the tresses of my land
To-day or I will not rest.

Dead! dead! what is death's word
Can't get it on, Jim,
I can wear it on my head in the field
Of the fight to the pall.
Can't get it on, Jim, can't get it on
Just look to a-gain and see if it will be
Worn the land out-and.

But I have the right to wear it dead,
And will wear the day no more,
Will wear the day no more,
Hard to the cause of the Union,
The all-wear of the Union my
Will wear the day no more,
And hold the cause of the Union.

But what will my darling say in this
When she hears I have died and left
And learns the flag she was wear so low
Is now the flag of the free,
Will she feel sad, or will she be glad,
Or live for Jesus's decay?

My only sister, my darling sister,
Sweet flower and sun is hot
Will you be glad when you hear I am dead,
Or will you be sad?

Dressin a dress of the sun that sends
Its rays to the land of the free,
And leaves the night of her beauty,
And her cyclist sailing flight.

Ah, now I know that I will go,
Where my true affections are,
Where my true affections are,
Will be my guiding star,
And the light that I see coming to me
Will be the light of the land,
And the land and darling of the land,
Is the glow of the bright skies

Of the sunrise glow, as compared to
"Cracked in a heap of mud,"
Is the sunrise glow of the field and ride,
From the standard of my field.
But I am now no danger can be,
Can be to me, for I am dead,
And never will be a-gain alive
This flower from the land of the free
Will be the flower of the dead.

Owed to Yorktown.

"My friend in yellowed,
Is dead to me,
Of the tender ache,
Until he sleep,
Of the tender ache,
Of the tender ache,
Deliver your kid and spit,
Deliver your kid and spit.

No more shall we meet,
No more shall we meet,
And the sky suddenly is gloomy,
Is dead to me.

Under the Orchard Tree.

Under the orchard tree,
Where the boughs hang low,
Where the stars hang and beat more true,
Where the sun shines,

Sit there with my darling,
Each merry young man pulled,
Each merry young man pulled,
Each merry young man pulled,
Up to the orchard tree.

Up on the merry green stem,
Standing, the sun shines,
And the gay sunlight is golden bright,
Falls on your face.

Soft pleasantly moments the breeze,
Sweet is the air,
As the boys sing a song, in Luther's Valley,
On to the fields of death.

Under the orchard tree,
Where the stars hang and beat more true,
Where the sun shines,

Sit there with my darling,
Each merry young man pulled,
Each merry young man pulled,
Each merry young man pulled,
Up to the orchard tree.

HEARER.

One evening I entered a hospital,
Where I saw a sick man lying,
Near by Father's bones,
Where I saw a sick man lying,
Whose eyes were closed,
Nearer the latter one,
Whose eyes were closed,
Nearer hearing he saw my voice,
And would not open my eyes.

"And Cleary," who snatches the fellow
by the hair the bleeding Kansas, as the
the assistance of his "Wool," and found them
to be "Wool," and "Wool" and "Wool"
and "Wool" and "Wool."

THE LAY OF THE BANDANNA LOVER.

Bandanna lover, bandanna lover,
Bandanna lover, bandanna lover,
Bandanna lover, bandanna lover,
Bandanna lover, bandanna lover,
And the sound of the sea-breeze,
And the sound of the sea-breeze,
And the sound of the sea-breeze

THE PLAIN DEALER,
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Plain Dealer Buildings corner Superior and Vineyard Streets,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
J. W. GRAY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
CHARLES F. BROWN, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.

The Year of Jubilee has Come.

The Republicans have had their glorification over the prospective election of ABE LINCOLN; we have had ours in consideration of the triumphant success of "THE PLAIN DEALER and Popular Sovereignty," and now it remains for the Democratic Party to jubilate over the results of the November election, provided circumstances justify it.

But ovations do not stop here. Our Railroads are reaping a rich harvest from the increased carrying trade. Our shipping interests, now all activity in carrying off the surplus products of the country, will soon retire to winter quarters with the profits of a season's business unparalleled. But the greatest jubilee will be among the Farmers. They have more cause to "thank God and take courage" than any other class of citizens. They have produced a mine of wealth without either exhausting their energies or the productiveness of their soil. They furnish the foundation of a Nation's prosperity. When they prosper, when the earth gives forth its fruits in abundance, then all trades thrive.

Now let all the world and each particular person in it "ovate!" We have had our time. Let others have theirs.

Those Guns—Sounding the Slogan.

Capt. WEIDENKOFF, who faced the music at Cherubusco and other battle fields on the Plains of Mexico, was in command of the PLAIN DEALER forces last Tuesday night, and fired a Popular Sovereignty salute in honor of the *sixty-five thousand subscribers to, and three hundred and twenty-five thousand read* of that great principle.

Said DOUGLAS, on the night he completed his draft of the Kansas-Nebraska bill, when he had finished the sentence incorporating the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty into the Democratic creed, in these words: "It shall be the true intent and meaning of this act not to carry slavery into the Territories, or prohibit it therefrom, but to leave the people of each Territory perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States," "these words," said DOUGLAS, "will live when I am forgotten." It was the great principle which underlies all our institutions, even the government itself, which guarantees State rights and personal rights, then and there appropriately applied in practice and happily expressed in language.

These "words" have been the texts of Democratic writers and speakers ever since, and are now tests of Democratic principles and faith. The words and the principle will live so long as Republican Liberty lasts.

Fire away, WEIDENKOFF!

Confession Good for the Soul.

The *Leader* this morning has two distinct confessions of short comings as to truth. One is, it has claimed BRINKERHOFF's majority in Ohio, some *six thousand too much*. Another is that LANE's majority in Indiana has been put down some *nine thousand too high*. Here is a confession of fifteen thousand *mistake* (!). To be sure the correction comes too late. It cannot eradicate the first impression made of such tremendous victories in Ohio and Indiana, but it is better late than not at all. We only hope the *Leader* will go on in this line of duty until all its sins are confessed. What a long, dark and dismal record it would make.

Would You Believe It?

That there were Democrats enough who stayed at home at the last election to have carried the State for Judge by Five Thousand Majority! We hear of them in all directions, especially on the Reserve, where the Republican majorities are overwhelming and where Democrats will not walk miles through the mud to be sneered at by niggers, blackguarded by bolters and outvoted ten to one by Black Republicans. But they all promise to be out for "DOUGLAS and Popular Sovereignty" in November.

The Indiana Election.

Returns published in the Indianapolis *Journal* from all the counties in the State, except Spencer, reduce the Republican majority on the State ticket in Indiana, to 9,523. This is official, so far, and the result cannot vary 100 votes from these figures. The vote has been immense—much larger than was ever known before.

Ohio Polls 410,000 Votes!

The official returns from all but twelve counties in Ohio sums up 200,000 for Judge SMITH and about 210,000 for BRINKERHOFF. There were 15,000 Democratic votes not polled at all Great country.

"Kidnapping."

That is what the Black Republicans call the enforcement of the Fugitive Slave Law. A United States Marshal duly commissioned, executes a Writ put into his hands by a United States Court or Commissioner and takes into custody according to law fugitives from labor. That law officer of the Government is dubbed a "Kidnapper" and demanded as such.

Query.—What will be the condition of things should LINCOLN be elected? Will he enforce the Fugitive Slave Law or will he not? Will his Marshals be "Kidnappers?" We shall see.

The Breckinridger's Don't "Back up."

A Washington dispatch says a sensation was created in the Breckinridge club last night, by a proposition to solicit contributions from the President and Cabinet for the purpose of relieving the financial pressure on that party. Several prominent members of the administration were denounced by the club as unsound. Evidently these club men did not have the memory of Mr. Buchanan's Duquesne letter green in their hearts.

Stand from Under.

The Portfolio of Lamoriciere has fallen into the hands of General Fanti. It contains letters of the most compromising character, and the most positive proofs of numerous intrigues entered into with the Legitimist and even the Red Reform.

Nebraska O. K.

The first figures telegraphed from Nebraska gave the Republicans a fine majority but as usual the majority dropped down till all was gone and the majority has run up on the other side, giving MORTON, DOUGLAS Democrat, as big a majority as was claimed for DAILY. Now, Hoora for DOUGLAS.

☞ Old FLOOD has the impudence to compare his circulation with ours. So says one of his occasional readers. It reminds us of a rowdy who, in the absence of all decency, always used the stronger language in praise of himself. When accused of being a bawd he would say, "My character sir, is as much above yours as the balconies of heaven are above the mud sills of hell." Old FLOOD has not got a subscriber in the world. He is a mere hireling, and paid to lie by a few Administration pups at a stated price per month.

☞ We beg pardon of our two hundred and twenty-five thousand readers for stopping to notice the little trio of one horse opposition papers in this city, the *Herald*, *Leader* and *Democrat*, whose joint circulation does not equal *one fifth that of the* PLAIN DEALER. But they are neighbors of ours struggling along in poverty and obscurity, just as we were twenty years ago, and by way of encouragement we give them now and then a *passing* notice.

The President's Last Message.

The *World's* Washington correspondent says: Notwithstanding reports have not been made from the several departments of the government, the President is daily and hourly drilling the sentences of his last annual message to the two Houses of Congress. I am led to believe that it will be an elaborate defense of his Administration, intended not so much for this generation as for posterity.

☞ CHASE, WADE, FORD and CARTTER of Ohio are stumping it down in New York State.

Supposing.

Suppose New York or Pennsylvania go for DOUGLAS. Then LINCOLN is defeated, for it is not claimed that any Southern State, Illinois, California or Oregon will vote for LINCOLN in the House. But who is elected in that case? If there are DOUGLAS and BELL Electoral votes enough to elect either, DOUGLAS will be President and EVERETT Vice President, or BELL will be President and JOHNSON Vice, and this will be done by the Electoral Colleges voting in their respective States, without the intervention of the House. But if there are not DOUGLAS and BELL Electoral votes enough to ensure the election of either, then the question goes to the House, LINCOLN will have fifteen States, BRECKINRIDGE 9, BELL 1, DOUGLAS 2, tied 6, DOUGLAS and BELL will control 9 States, so far as to prevent their going for BRECKINRIDGE. No election could take place in the House. They would ballot until the 4th of March, when there being no election, the Senate would have to elect a Vice President from the highest candidates voted for by the people. As the Senate is no longer a Democratic body, but a mere band of Southern secessionists, their choice would fall upon one of their own associates and co-conspirators, JOSEPH LANE, of Oregon. Thus, in this one body would be consolidated the Executive, a branch of the Law making power, the Treaty making power, foreign and domestic appointments, and the whole patronage of the Government. What a paradise for such political scoundrels and parasites as old SLIDELL, with his Houmas claim, LANE with his Six Million Oregon War Debt, the scheme to buy Cuba with two hundred millions; the plot to seize Mexico, the appointments to foreign missions and the sale of Indulgencies generally. The country would not stand so corrupt a Government any longer than its nefarious policy became unveiled. It would share the fate of the Rump Parliament.

But no such calamity can by any possibility befal the country at this time. LANE can get no Northern State, and he will get no Southern State where the union of DOUGLAS and BELL men can prevent it. He will fall far behind either HAMLIN or EVERETT, and we think much behind JOHNSON too. He is put forward as the subservient tool of the conspirators. He has been repudiated by his constituency at home and will "go out" of the Senate on the 4th of March next, as will FITCH, GREEN, SLIDELL, BIGLER and GWIN, into everlasting retiracy.

Once More to the Breach.

Never say die! There is no saying what November may bring forth. A full Democratic vote may carry every State lost at the late elections. DOUGLAS is many thousands stronger than any State ticket. A large conservative but silent vote will be cast for him, that was not out or committed against us at the State elections. Let one Democrat in every School District see that every Democratic vote is polled in November! Presidential election comes but once in four years.

Never give up! Though the banner of freedom
Down to the dust by delusion is cast;
Stout hearts and true ones, (our country will need 'em,)
Stand by your principles, firm to the last.
What though fanatics, triumphantly screaming,
Moisten our lips with Adversity's cup,
Soon will the "Keystone" awake from her dreaming—
Stand by her, Minute Men! Never give up.

Never surrender! A single disaster
Serves but to strengthen the souls of the brave,
Call no disunionist rail-splitter, "Master,"
Wear not a moment the gyves of a slave;
Arm for the Union, for Right, and remember
Sealed is their doom should the enemy win;
Broken and crushed if we fall in November—
Stand by them, Minute Men! Never give in!

Yield not an inch! 'Tis the hour of trial,
Red with the signs of unnatural strife;
Time passes rapidly over the dial—
Listen, the Negro is whetting his knife.
Down by the Rio del Norte, already
Burned is the homestead, and poisoned the cup,
Fair Maidens dishonored by Africans. Steady,
Forward now, Minute Men! Never give up

Never despair! 'Tis the act of a craven
Tamely to cringe at appearance of might;
Let the faint-hearted one croak like a raven,
We will march steadily on to the fight.
Up with the banner, from mountain to valley
Comes the inspiring peal of our "Bell."
Union battalions, in myriads rally—
Charge with them, "Minute Men!" All will be well!

"65,000 Subscribers."

The editor of Cleveland *Plain Dealer* states that his circulation has run up to 65,000, and in the absence of political news to rejoice at, he proposed firing off 65 rounds in the Park, in honor of the circulation of the *Plain Dealer*. It is to be presumed that the *Dealer* circulates freely on the Reserve, and taking that as the criterion, we may infer that the localities where the Democracy have met with the greatest reverses are the sections of country in which our cotemporary circulates the largest numbers of his paper. Only for the *Plain Dealer*, who knows but we might have had political triumphs to rejoice at?—*Statesman*.

Only for the PLAIN DEALER, having over Eighteen thousand subscribers in Ohio, *mostly off the Reserve*, who knows but the Republican majority might have been fifty thousand in the State instead of fifteen (!)

On this Reserve, Democrats are few and far between, hold no elective offices, are poor, proscribed, and persecuted. They have had this year to fight, not only their ancient and insolent enemies the Black Republicans, but the Administration and all its patronage, Buchanan, Bolters, and Niggers, "the world, the flesh and the devil!" Notwithstanding this concentration of diabolism in Cleveland, the Democrats of Cuyahoga have handsomely increased their vote over last year.

If the bolters will vote their own ticket instead of the Black Republican, and the Niggers here will give the white men a chance at the polls, the Reserve will do five thousand better in November than at the State election.

Do you hear that, Colonel?

Principles are Immortal.

Our friends lost heart for a moment, when they heard the first announcement that the three great central States had *not* closed the contest by going Democratic, and under the brazen brag of the common Interventionists that they had carried these States by "less than a million majority, but our forces are taking heart and rallying finely.

The Republicans had in Ohio, 9 members of Congress more than we had, now they have but 5 more, and if JEWITT gets his seat as he ought and will, they will have but 3 more than we. Congress is changed. We are relieved by the incubus of this only infamous administration we have ever had, and of the ever damaging Southern extremists, and our firm, long tried and reliable party starts a healthy growth anew, and are determined to make a record this fall that they can refer to with pride, and as a basis for future reckoning. We are glad to see this and even if we were without hope of carrying these States, this would show attachment to principle and genuine pluck. Two weeks from next Tuesday, let every man show his hand in his country's cause, and sustain the principle of the right of the people to self government fully, that is Popular Sovereignty. One more to the breach, Oh Israel.

☞ The *Leader* is sore, and growls and barks at what it dare not bite. The fact that the PLAIN DEALER has *sixty thousand more subscribers than that paper* is gall and worm-wood to its salaried editor. All the consolation we can give is this: It is no fault of ours. The people choose to take our paper and not the *Leader*. Had we control of that paper we could no doubt give it a respectable circulation by changing its name, its principles, turning out its proprietor and discharging its editor. Nothing short of that will even give it a *tenth part* the circulation of the PLAIN DEALER.

Population of Illinois.

The Southern half of the State foots up 315,157 against 174,402 in 1850, or a gain of about 85 per cent in the last ten years. The Northern Division of the State will show even a larger increase than this, and we have little doubt that the returns when fully in will show a gain of at least 100 per cent. since 1850.

This will make her total population about 1,600,000 and will give her 15 Representatives in Congress instead of 9, provided the present ration is observed.

The Northwest Can Feed the World.

The wheat crop of the United States this year is estimated at from 150,000,000 to 200,000,000 bushels. Of this agregate probably 120,000,000 bushels were harvested west of the Alleghanies. The total receipts of flour and grain at Chicago, since January 1st, amount to the enormous aggregate of 27,530,952 bushels. The receipts at Milwaukee have also been large, and it is no figure of speech to say that the Northwest can feed the world! The receipts of wheat at Chicago and Milwaukee, since harvest, exceed ten millions of bushels, and the grain commerce of the Lakes is far greater than that of the Atlantic Ocean.

We extract the above paragraph from the Cleveland *Leader* of yesterday. The *Leader* is a Republican organ, and occasionally has some thing to say about a protective tariff. It is true that the Northwest can feed the world; and as her beautiful prairies are subdued and brought into a state of cultivation, she *must* have the world for a market. Nothing less will do her, and her policy is to have the freest trade with all other nations that we can have. Talk about a protective tariff and a home market, when the Northwest can feed the world! What nonsense. —*Statesman*.

Yes, shut out foreign manufactories by a high tariff, for the purpose of giving high prices and a monopoly to home manufactures, and our foreign demand for our surplus products would cease. The West want no protective tariff. The farmers ask no laws of privilege. They simply want to be let alone and the privilege to sell their products where they can get most for them and buy manufactured articles where they can get them cheapest. This is an agricultural country, unlimited and as yet undeveloped. Were we cooped upon a little Island, as England is, where there is but little land, and that forbidden by law to be sold, manufactures might be a necessity, as it is there. But we inhabit no such country, and our American motto should ever be—

"Free as the winds and boundless as the sea
Should trade and commerce unrestricted be."

England for Lincoln.

Monarchical England desires nothing so much as the election of a Republican President, and the London *Chronicle* tells us why. "We would be sorry to see MR. DOUGLAS elected," it says, "because he is in favor of the obnoxious institutions as they exist, *and the unity of the States*. There is no safety for European monarchical governments if the progressive spirit of the Democracy of the United States is allowed to succeed. *Elect Lincoln and the first blow to the separation of the United States is effected!*"

The Amende Honorable.

The *Herald*, a Black Republican paper, several shades lighter than the *Leader*, has the manliness to say the following in regard to that last DOUGLAS slander:

"We are free to admit that on the denial of the charge by Mr Douglas, we consider the case, so far, with him. We would not hang a dog on the testimony of a man who had a voice in making that Lecompton Constitution."

THE LECOMPTON FRAUD CONFESSED.

Hear a Southern Man Speak—Old Buck Denounced!

Governor WISE, in his Norfolk speech, paid his respect to MR. BUCHANAN and the lecompton fraud in the following direct and unambiguous manner:

"The second immediate agency which has operated to precipitate the conflict in which we are now involved was the device of Lecomptonism, prepared and prosecuted by the President of the United States. Fellow-citizens, I am aware that I am now handling a topic of some delicacy, a question on which many perhaps here present were induced to differ from me at the time of its first and most immediate significance. If so, the necessity to speak the whole truth of my honest conviction at this time must plead with you my pardon for any apparent indelicacy in urging a point of differences previously existing among brethren now firmly united for a great purpose of common welfare and plighted faith. Of the President of the United States himself I have no pardon to ask. I owe him no forbearance, and he is especially responsible for all the evils which I boldly attribute to a policy originated by his suggestion, and pushed beyond the verge of factious strife by his official action.

This device, this infamous Lecompton fraud, cunningly concocted at Washington, was employed to rush slavery—to precipitate your interests and mine, your Honor and mine—on the very bosses of the buckler of popular sovereignty. When 'strict and equal justice' was the only motto, even of expediency, left for our security, it was attempted, *per fas aut nefas*, to impose on State sovereignty itself the dictation of force fraudulently devised, and fraud most violently executed. Northern men were told that the South would permit them to vote for but not against a proposed form of State Constitution;—and Southern men were entrapped into the scheme of rendering slavery the only institution which Congressional Intervention against non-intervention should permit to be proscribed at the polls. For the sake of subjecting slavery and slavery alone, to unfriendly discrimination, Southern men were taught to forget even the wisdom of the cock in Æsop's fable. That cock did have the sense to say to the horse, 'If you won't tread on my toes, I won't tread on yours.' But our cock was taught a cock-a-doodle-doo strain of unprincipled arrogance—taught to scratch the iron-shod hoof of anti-slavery sentiment, to provoke aggression by aggression, to clamor for the game of 'hardest fend off,' by fair means or foul. People at the South asked each other, 'Is this Southern policy?' People at the North asked each other, 'Is this Southern justice?' Slavery was made to stink in the nostrils of the people of Kansas; the justice of our position, the morale of our organization was sacrificed, and our friends at the North were estranged, disheartened, crushed, rendered powerless for our aid, and easy victims of a persecution directed against our welfare and dignity.

At the time I saw the weakness of degradation to which it was attempted to consign the South, and I foresaw the issue of more acute than astute policy of the President. In disavowal, in deprecation, and in warning, I raised my feeble voice at Richmond. The answer was prompt. The telegraph conveyed instructions from Washington for my immolation! Twenty-four hours had scarcely elapsed before presses, politicians, Congressional caucuses, and General Assembly caucuses rang with the same cry, 'Crucify him! crucify him!' Thank God! fellow-citizens, I am at least alive to tell the tale. Would to God that my State, my section, my whole country could emerge from the consequences of the fraud as proudly conscious of triumph and safety as I have stood, unscathed by the intrigues of caucuses and the scurrility of the Federal retainers."

We commend, in all kindness, the foregoing avowals, from a leading Southern man, to such Democrats, as allowed themselves to be entrapped into an approval of the scandalous Lecompton policy of the Administration. That was the starting point of all the disasters in the Democratic party. When that fountain of bitter waters was opened it became almost impossible to crime that have punished the act. It was for resisting this, and other attendant and succeeding enormities, that the PLAIN DEALER was, and continues to be, denounced by the parasites of power—by those who, seeing the wrong, not only feared to grapple with it but cravenly applauded it. We feel prouder, to-day, in the position we have occupied, from the beginning of the Lecompton fraud down to the present time, than if we had been the recipient of all the bounties offered by MR. BUCHANAN to those who have been ready to second him in his crusade upon the rights of the people.

Yanceyism.

WE SHALL FIRE THE SOUTHERN HEART, INSTRUCT THE SOUTHERN MIND, GIVE COURAGE TO EACH OTHER, AND AT THE PROPER MOMENT, BY ONE ORGANIZED, CONCERTED ACTION, WE CAN PRECIPITATE THE COTTON STATES INTO A REVOLUTION.—*Yancey's Slaughter Letter*.

A few weeks ago, *more than two years after that letter was written*, Mr. YANCEY made a four hours speech at Memphis. In that speech he reverted to his Slaughter Letter, and said:

THERE IS NOT A WORD IN THAT LETTER THAT I TAKE BACK TO-NIGHT.—THERE IS NOT A SENTIMENT IN IT I DISAVOW.

Go it YANCEY! Go it BRECKINRIDGE!

"Let 'em Sweat."

The bolters are in great trouble. The office-holders see no impropriety in their holding on under a Black Republican President; while YANCEY, RHETT & Co, outside bolters, contend that they must let go. Four months will relieve all of them from any embarrassment on this question, and six months will relieve some of them from any connection with this world, if they do not haul in their horns and take down their black flags.]

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

A Glance at the Field.

One thing, about which there may have been some doubt heretofore, is certainly demonstrated by last Tuesday's elections in Pennsylvania Indiana and Ohio. It is, that the Administration, and the leaders of the Breckinridge party who are outside of the "Kitchen Cabinet," have determined upon THE DEFEAT OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN EVERY FREE STATE SAVE New York. Their whole purpose, beyond the defeat of Mr. Douglas, (which they are ready to accomplish at any sacrifice,) is, *to perpetuate the present dynasty under the Presidency of Jo. Lane*. In the Southern States, Mr. Lincoln will get no votes. If he loses New York, he loses his election. If he should lose Pennsylvania and the Northwest also, either Mr Douglas or Herschel V. Johnson would be our next President. To prevent this result, the Administration and the Breckinridge leaders will do all in their power—nay, it is certain that they have been doing and are now doing all in their power to give Pennsylvania and the Northwest to Abraham Lincoln. They expect to get more votes for Breckinridge and Lane in the Southern States, than will be obtained in those States for either Douglas and Johnson, or Bell and Everett. Then, with New York, against Lincoln, the election of President will go to the House, and Breckinridge will be one of the candidates. The election of Vice President will go to the Senate, and Lane and Hamlin will be the only candidates. Lane will be elected to the Vice Presidency, and the House failing to elect, he will become President of the United States. The present dynasty would thus "hold over"—the Oregon war claims, held at present by Slidell, Bright, Fitch, Rice, and other leaders of the Breckinridge party, amounting to seven millions of dollars, would be secured—the Democratic party would be demoralized—and the purposes of the bolters would be accomplished.

That this is the Administration programme, there can no longer be the shadow of a doubt.—We have suspected it, for months we openly charged it, weeks ago; and the elections that have recently occurred, have proved it. The supporters of Breckinridge are saying to us as plainly as actions can speak, "We will defeat the party and secure Lincoln victories in all the New England States, in all the Northwestern States, in the Pacific States, and in the Middle States save New York. In New York we will unite with you in the election of a fusion ticket. We will thus throw the election into Congress, and there we will have either Breckinridge or Lane."

But whether this is a practicable scheme, is another question. We do not think it is.—Unprincipled men are not always wise men. They sometimes miscalculate. They frequently overreach. Our hope is, that Breckinridge and Lane will fall behind the other tickets in the South; that Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, and probably Indiana, California and Oregon, of the free States, will vote for Douglas; and that thus the triumph of fusion in New York, instead of aiding Jo. Lane, as the bolters intend it shall, will aid Herschel V. Johnson, who will thus go to the Senate, if the election goes there, with Mr Hamlin.

It is with this view of that probable result that we look now to N. York, and to our State also, with some hope of a triumph. If the Administration view were the more reasonable one; if we really believed that, outside of New York, Mr Lane's vote would be twelve votes larger than Mr. Johnson's, we should not have one glimmer of a hope that New York could be carried against Lincoln. The people of New York will never intentionally ratify the Administration programme. The Democrats of that State cannot be brought to the polls under the assurance that if they succeed, they will be helping to place a bolter in the Presidential chair; that eighteen or twenty Douglas electors are being used only as a bait to catch their votes on the 6th of November, and that Jo. Lane and the secessionists are to reap all the advantages and benefits to be derived from their triumph. Satisfy the people of New York that this is the game, and Lincoln's majority in that State will not be less than fifty thousand.

We have already said that we do not believe this Administration programme will be carried out, in case of Lincoln's defeat. We have faith that Breckinridge will fall behind the other candidates—behind one of them, at least—in the South. We have faith, also, that Douglas will carry several of the Western States. But we cannot forbear to say, that the suspicions of the people on this point, are already aroused, and that to this fact Curtain owes some portion of his large majority in Pennsylvania. While the supporters of the Administration undoubtedly hoped and labored for Curtain's election, it is also true, we think, that many who would heartily rejoice to see Mr Douglas elected, refused to vote for Foster, and perhaps voted for Curtain, under the conviction that a Democratic victory in any free State where the Administration did not act in open hostility to the party, was intended to be used to promote the election for a man who is doing all in his power to disorganize and demoralize the Democratic party.

It is well to speak to our friends and our enemies North and South, in plain language. And to we tell the supporters of Mr. Breckinridge, do not count upon aid of intelligent and patriotic Democrats of the North in your efforts to strike down Stephen A. Douglas. You have shown a willingness, in order to make Douglas' defeat a certainty, to make the defeat of Lincoln *dependent upon the vote of a single State*. Let it be understood that the contest is between Lincoln and Lane, that your intrigues have brought the controversy at last to this narrow point; and we will tell you that the State you have counted upon, *is lost!* NEW YORK CANNOT BE CARRIED FOR THE FUSION TICKET WITH ANY SUCH UNDERSTANDING. The honest Democrats of the country may not be able to strike down all their enemies at a single blow; but we will tell you that whatever else they may fail to do, they will stand, after the sixth of November, and for the next four years, with their feet upon the necks of the men who have basely betrayed them in this contest! No traitor will rule over them—in the party organization or in the nation!

Thus writes, and thus reasons the Providence *Post*, every word of which we heartily endorse.

Latest From Washington.

Plan of the Seceders.

An agent privately sent from the South reports to the President that Alabama and [illegible] certainly secede in forty days after Lincoln's election. Confidential friends of the President as [illegible] inactive, and permit the thing to go on. The Richmond *Enquirer* to-day exhorts Virginia to go with the South, and thus present a solid front. It is for disunion without waiting for an overt act, and says, "If that be treason, make the most of it." —[*Telegraph*.

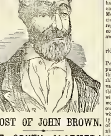
A private letter from an old gentleman at Petersburg, Va., to his son in this city, says: "It is understood here that South Carolina will secede if LINCOLN is elected, and that she will not wait for the 4th of March, but will avail herself of the aid and comfort of old BUCK to perfect her peaceable withdrawal. Then if a Republican President blockades her ports, and attempts by force to execute any United States Law within his borders, Virginia will interfere and oppose force with force."

An agent of Virginia is now in New York purchasing arms and munitions of war for the purpose of putting that State in a condition of defence. Gov. LETCHER has publicly declared that "no Federal force should cross that State to coerce the South."

☞ In Ohio every Democratic Governor in the State has had, who are now living, and five of the newly elected Judges of the Supreme Court, are for Breckinridge and Lane.—*Galveston (Texas) News*.

It is needless to say this paper is in federal interest and goes for the Bolters. The Ex-Governors alluded to are those old labelled and shelved fossils, Wood and MEDILL. As to *Supreme* Judges, the idea is *supreme*-ly ridiculous. Allusion is no doubt made to those played-out lugs, who have loaded the party down till it could carry them no longer, and when dropt they at once turn against the party. This proud pentegon of Judges probably means BRES BARTLEY, HALL, BURCHARD, CORWINE and STARKWEATHER.

Texas, you can have these friends and welcome. We have got through with them.



GHOST OF JOHN BROWN.

THE SOUTH ALARMED!

SPIRIT OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS.

The results of the late elections have thrown the South into a cold sweat. They begin to feel the effects of their own folly. They saw fit to bolt the party which had ever stood by them and sustained them, because that party would not consent to a slave code plank in the Democratic Platform. We warned them of their folly at Charleston, we assured them of their fate at Baltimore, but it was of no avail. A miserable minority of miserable office holders, place hunters and secessionists bolted, and have put their candidates in the field, or secretly voted the Republican ticket in every State where the Democracy had the least chance of winning a battle. Thus by their own wilful opposition and wickedness have they brought about the state of things they now so deeply deplore.

"Watch and Pray" has been our motto, but now we propose to change it to "Let 'em Sweat." If LINCOLN is elected the glory will be theirs, and we hope they will get enough of it. Niggers will be at a discount. The Democracy North cannot afford to fight Black Republicans in the North and the Slaveocracy of the South, all to return a "fugitive" which they have not a dollars' interest in. All this fugitive business will be left to a Black Republican President and his Black Republican Marshals, with Black Republican State Courts, Governors, Sheriffs, and Juries to aid, by giving now and then a "Shriek for Freedom!" When the reign of LINCOLN begins, all niggerdom will understand their year of jubilee has come. The idea of a Black Republican Administration sending a "panting Fugitive" back to "chains and slavery" is preposterous. JOHN BROWNS will arise and have their raids all over the South, insurrections will be rife, and hanging bees an every day occurrence. The North will be inundated with the colored chattel. They will not have to go to Canada. They will be as safe in Ohio, Indiana, and Pennsylvania, indeed in all the Northern States where Black Republicanism rules, as in the Queen's dominions. They will come in flocks and herds. Whole armies will be upon us and will demand to be protected according to the Republican reading of the Declaration of Independence, to wit: "that all men (and especially the African) are by the grace of God created *equal, &c. &c.*, and entitled to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." The party which has attained power by preaching this doctrine, will have a chance to practice what they preach.

The Southern papers of all shades come to us freighted with fears founded upon the results of the late elections in the North. Here are a few extracts which we propose to hang out as signs of the prevailing terror in the South. "He that is wisest can penetrate the future deepest."

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 16th says:

"Virginia can no more prevent the dissolution of the Union after Lincoln's election, than she can prevent that election. She will be powerless to prevent civil war, with all its attendant horrors. Any one of the Southern States can, *and some of them will*, involve the whole country, North as well as South, in the internecine strife of a bloody and desolating civil war. Virginia will, by a majority of her people, decide upon resistance, while a large minority may desire to postpone resistance for the 'overt act,' but hitched as she is to the Southern States, she will be dragged into a common destiny with them, no matter what may be the desire of her people. We believe that a majority of the people of Virginia, if the opportunity of a State Convention was allowed them, would vote for immediate resistance and for a common destiny with the Southern States, and with this belief we would advise the slave States not to hesitate to strike an early blow from fear that Virginia may hesitate in her duty to the South."

The Richmond *Whig*, of the same date, is full of appeals in favor of the Union at all hazards. It says:

"It is incumbent upon the industrious, intelligent, and patriotic citizens of Virginia to pause and reflect, before they conclude to be led by the nose into the grand Disunion mash trap set for them by the Yancey-Breckinridge leaders."

The Charleston, South Carolina, *Evening News* of the 13th of October has a quaint article, as follows.

"PENNSYLVANIA.—The Black Republican journals are triumphant at the success of their party in Pennsylvania as clearly prefiguring the election of Lincoln to the Presidency. The immediate cause of the success of the party in Pennsylvania is no doubt the ascendency of the iron and coal interest over every consideration of patriotism. Pennsylvania wants protection to her peculiar products, and expects to find it in the Administration of Lincoln rather than in that of Breckinridge. She has thus sacrificed her duty at the shrine of Mammon. She has descended from the elevation which she had won, as the Keystone State of the Union, at the mercenary call of interest. In the expected results of this defection she may be deceived. The Senate is anti tariff. That body will not protect the iron and coal interests of Pennsylvania at the expense of the great body of consumers and in support of a gigantic monopoly."

The Nashville (Tennessee) *Union*, of the 13th, says:

"A UNITED SOUTH.—The Northern States are now a unit in the struggle which threatens the existence of our Government. Why may not the South be so? Are our lives, our liberty, our happiness less dear to us than the ephemeral triumphs of party? Let the South lock shields and stand in solid phalanx, and the rushing onset of Black Republicanism will be stayed. Never more in the history of nations, has the adage *'United we stand, divided we fall'* been more forcibly illustrated. [illegible] is but one flag raised which has written upon it principles that are regarded by our enemies as boldly antagonistic to theirs. Let the whole South rally under that flag, and all will yet be well. The wildest maniac can be quieted by the determined eye of his master. Let the South cease her bickering, and show her sectional enemies that *she will be equal in rights*, and fanaticism will yet cower and shrink from the contest."

The Savannah *Republican* of the 13th says:

"The aspect of the political horizon is dark, and no doubt the prospect of a sectional, instead of a national Federal Government to rule over us is doing much to augment the general uncertainty and alarm. This may be well founded or not, and in any event the South, beyond the justice and moral power of her cause, is impotent to control the result. We have only to do our duty, as our best judgments and sense of patriotism may prompt, and then leave the consequences to the majority of the American people and in the hands of that wise Providence that has ever watched over our nation and protected it from harm."

The New Orleans *Bee* of the 11th says:

"We honestly confess that the news received yesterday has almost convinced us of the certainty of the success of the Black Republicans. If neither Pa., nor Ohio, nor Ind., can be rescued, we are left with the faint and feeble hope that N. Y., may stem the anti slavery torrent. It is possible that the exertions and influence of the conservative citizens of the Empire State may suffice to save the country from a sectional President; but the election returns look too one-sided to justify much confidence in a fortunate issue.—Meanwhile let us take it patiently and await events. If Lincoln is to be chosen President, it is well for the South—it is well for our trade and commerce that we should be prepared for the event. Far better that we should have a timely warning of misfortune, that we may put our houses in order and meet it when it comes, than to stand unnerved and speechless before an unexpected and crushing shock."

The New Orleans *Crescent*, of the same date, says:

"THE LATE ELECTIONS.—The election returns received yesterday from Pa., Ohio, and Ind., indicate the triumph of the Black Republican candidates in each of these States. The news is unwelcome; and the result, for many reasons, is greatly to be deplored. We reserve any extended comment upon the subject until we can have a full view of the entire field, and thus be enabled to discuss the subject in all its bearings. Meantime, we may say the news produced a decided sensation in the city, and, by many, was regarded as the forerunner of evil results and coming trouble. Let us, however, patiently await fuller returns and further developments."

The Wilmington, N. C., *Journal* (Breckinridge) says

"From all the indications, it would appear that Pennsylvania has gone for Curtin, the Black Republican candidate for Governor. The effect of this can hardly be over-estimated. We hardly think that the majority of the voters of Pennsylvania care much about the negro. We rather think they don't. They don't care to interfere with us just now in that way. Perhaps they would be willing to let us alone on condition of our paying them *black mail*. The protection which the tariff now gives to iron is some twenty four per cent. It is, near as may be, a bonus of twenty four per cent. given to the Pennsylvania iron-maker. If the said maker, with a guarantied difference in his favor of twenty four per cent., cannot compete with the foreign manufacturer, surely it is unreasonable to ask us to pay more. We have railroads to build, ploughs to make, horses to shoe—a thousand useful and necessary things to do with iron; then why should we be made to pay tribute on our railroads, our agriculture, our machinery, simply that Pa., iron masters may get rich at our expense?"

TENNESSEE IN DESPAIR
(Nashville Gazette, Breckinridge.)

With solemn tones, and slow, measured words, do men in southern communities now speak of the three States making up the above caption, or rather of the result of the popular elections transpiring there on Tuesday last. With almost breathless anxiety asks one of another, "What's the news?" and half choked with chagrin and disappointment comes the answer, "Bad enough, in all conscience. Like a mountain torrent did the tickets friendly to Lincoln sweep Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio—all gone, gone glimmering for the Black Republicans. And thereupon begin the questioner and the informant to speculate upon the probable character of Lincoln's Administration, exhibiting but little, if any, doubt as to the certainty of that gentleman's election by the popular voice.

THE BATTLE FOUGHT IN THE UNION
(Petersburg, Va., Bulletin, Breckinridge.)

In such a condition of affairs, with a hostile power marching upon us, their destructive purposes blazoned on their banners, how idle, how worse than idle, how criminal is it for the South to suffer itself to be divided on unimportant issues? As one man the whole South should present a united front to the advancing enemy. And yet, contending factions distract her counsels and in their mad strife for ascendency, destroy efficiency. But we cannot believe that such a state of things is to continue. We cannot believe that men will be so blinded by party zeal as not to see that a common danger threatens all, which can only be averted by a union of our entire strength. The institutions of the South are placed in serious peril, her independence is assailed, and her subjugation determined on. Retreat is impossible. We must face the danger when it comes. Surrender means destruction, and compromise is treason. In the Union the battle is to be fought, and fought quickly. It becomes, then, the duty of every Southern man to rally to the defence of what he holds most dear, the institutions under which he was reared, and the Constitution which upholds them. Let past differences be forgotten, and present feuds be buried, and, in the presence of a common danger, let us be united in a common defence."

(From the Nashville (Tenn.) American, Breck.)
A GLOOMY PROSPECT.

From the tenor of the news, it is evident that Ohio and Indiana have cast their votes for the Republican party by large majorities. The news from the Keystone State, so far as yet received, is unfavorable, though we are not disposed to give it up till we hear something more decisive. While the result of these elections presents a gloomy prospect for the great battle in November, we hold that it only [illegible] to strengthen the determination and reanimate the courage of every true Democrat.

PENNSYLVANIA WOULD "VOTE FOR THE DEVIL" TO GET A TARIFF
(Wilmington (N. C.) Journal, Breck.)

"We had hopes of Pennsylvania. We were told confidently by those who did not intend to deceive, that Foster would be elected. Those who thought so were themselves deceived—Pennsylvania is tariff mad, and would vote for the devil if he would guarantee them a *specific* duty of fifteen dollars a ton on iron."

SAD NEWS.
(Knoxville (Tenn.) Register, Breck.)

We have received a dispatch announcing the result of the Governor's election in Pennsylvania. Curtin, Black Republican, is elected by 15,000 majority over Foster, Democrat. This is sad news to the friends of the Constitution and the Union.

(Augusta (Ga.) Sentinel, Bell.)
BAYONETS CANNOT PRESERVE THE UNION.

We confess, therefore, that is but little prospect of Lincoln's defeat, according to our reading of the signs. And still "hope springs eternal in the human breast," and until the election is over men will hope that he will be defeated. The time has come when, in our judgment, the South should take speedily a decisive stand; when differences should cease among us, as far as may be, and we all prepare with one accord to act together. Is it desirable that the Union be preserved? We believe a decided majority of our people are prepared to say, "Yes, if sectionalism be defeated." We say so with all our heart: we do not desire the severance of the Confederacy: but if sectionalism is to rule, all must see that the Union is at an end. Bayonets cannot preserve it, and no patriot desires that bayonets should, for why desire the Union if force alone can preserve it? It is then assuredly no longer the Union our fathers made—consent is its only, as it is its best cement.

"WO, WO, WO."
(Memphis Appeal, Douglas.)

If our surmises be incorrect, and the encroaching tide of Sewardism has in reality swept away "the keystone to the arch of Democracy, and spread farther West with its polluting influence, into the State of Indiana, wo be to the base and infamous traitors who have sold their party into the hands of Abolitionism, wo be to the base and infamous traitors who have sold their party into the hands of Abolitionism; wo be to Buchanan, Bright, Fitch, and others, upon whose brows the mark of Cain will be branded with the indelible ink of duplicity, treachery, and perfidy—who will be consigned to their political graves with no other monument to mark their resting places than the universal detestation of their party and their countrymen.

LET THE SOUTH BE UNITED.
(St. Louis, Missouri, Bulletin.)

Let the South be united in this day of darkness and danger, when a dominant North threatens to subvert the Constitution and to destroy the wealth and endanger the liberty and the lives of the people of the slaveholding States. Let them be united in defiance of the constitutional rights of the South, and they may yet avert, *within the Union*, the great dangers and the terrible disasters which a dissolution of the Confederacy would entail upon us all.

[illegible] organ of the Disunionists, in anticipation of the election of Mr. LINCOLN, a few weeks ago, thus marked out the course that Mr. BUCHANAN should pursue:

"If Mr. Lincoln is elected President of the United States, the relations of the Southern States towards *his* Administration must be settled by the *present* Administration. Mr. Lincoln will not be installed in office before the 5th of March next. Long before this time the Southern States will have determined their course; and if this course shall be a secession from the Union by one or more Southern States, Mr. Buchanan will have to guide the course of the General Government to meet it. If he thinks that a State has a right to secede from the Union, of course he cannot order any portion of the United States army or navy against a seceding State. If he attempts coercion, every Southern man in his Cabinet, and in the army and navy will doubtless leave them. Congress has no power to control the President's views of the Constitution and the duty it involves. He must, as the Chief Executive of the United States, act for himself, and enforce his own conscientious conceptions of the rights of the States under the Constitution of the United States."

WHAT "CLENCHED TEETH" HAVE WRITTEN.
(Atlanta (Ga.) Locomotive, Breckinridge.)

Since Pennsylvania and Ohio have spoken out upon the great political question of the day in their home elections, it is a general concession that Abe Lincoln must be our next President! And this has produced a different effect in different minds; for while an overwhelming majority deplore it, others in our very midst rejoice over it as the consummation of their devoutest hopes. There is a decided majority of the first class, however, and who are the true *inhabitants* of the South, and the real *proprietors of its soil*, who have written upon their hearts with clenched teeth: *Abe Lincoln, so help us Heaven, shall never be our President!*

WALKER ON THE SARACENS AND MOORS.

The *Advertiser*, (Breckinridge,) of the same place, gives a brief report of a speech by General Walker, of that State, made lately at Cowpen Springs, in Lauderdale county from which we extract briefly:

"In reply to the question, 'What would he do if Lincoln was elected?' Gen. W. said, drawing himself up to his full height, and in the sublimest strain of eloquence, that, come weal or woe, so help him God, he would not submit, and that he would take the banner of the Constitution and plant it where the honor or safety of the South demanded, and that he would defend it with his life and fortune against Saracens or Moors! His answer was noble and grand, and nobly was it answered by the crowd. One old gentleman, whose white locks and tottering form indicated that he had run his 'three score years and ten,' called Gen. W. to his chair, after he closed, and, with tears running down his cheeks, said, 'General, I wish I was young, I would fight and die with you.' I do not honestly believe, except two or three Douglas leaders, that there were a half dozen in the crowd that dissented from Gen. Walker's speech. Our people are now thoroughly aroused."

A DISUNION PROGRAMME FROM GEORGIA.
Columbus (Ga.) Corner Stone, Breck.

We have for a long time had very little hope that the South would ever free herself from the domination of the North; but within the last few weeks our hopes have been greatly revived.—We believe now that the Union will be dissolved if Lincoln should be elected.

A good many people are in favor of a Southern Convention for that purpose, *we are opposed to that. The best plan, and the only one, is for South Carolina, or Alabama, or Mississippi, to go out*. We are sorry to say that we do not believe that Georgia will take the lead.—But let one or all of those States move, and Georgia will support them in it, and, when the issue comes, if it should be necessary to fight, we think that the great majority of our citizens would shrink from the idea of helping the Black Republicans to murder their old friends and neighbors. At all events, we want to see the experiment made. ☞

SOUTH CAROLINA A SECESSION UNIT.
(Charleston Mercury, Breck.)

The question of separate secession of South Carolina in the event of Lincoln's election, and other States in the South failing to lead, being premature and not a subject for action before the Legislature, has not been made an issue in the canvass. We believe that the delegation, almost to a man, will vote to arm the State and call a State Convention, and place South Carolina by the side of Alabama. Our readers will remember that the Governor of Alabama is instructed to issue writs of election, and summon a convention of the people of that State within forty days after it is ascertained that a Black Republican is elected to the Presidency.

LATER.
From the New York Times of yesterday.
VIRGINIA IN ARMS.

It appears that Virginia has finally made up her mind to defend herself in the approaching crisis of our national affairs, with Northern arms. The Adjutant-General of that chivalric State is now in this City, charged with a credit of half a million of dollars, and with orders to purchase a complete armament for the Old Dominion.—What the motives are which have impelled so calm and conservative a man as Gov. LETCHER to this Extraordinary demonstration does not yet appear. It is, however, rumored that the Executive of Virginia has resolved to call a meeting of Southern Governors at Richmond, very shortly, for the purpose of concerting measures, defensive and offensive, to be taken in the now imminent event of Mr. Lincoln's election.

Official Vote of Ohio for 1856.

COUNTIES.	1856. Frem.	1856. Buch.	1856. Fillm.	1860. Smith.	1860. Brink.
Adams	1 407	1,790	268	1924	1452
Allen	1,415	1,604	94	1325	1737
Ashland	1,912	2,089	32	1847	2406
Ashtabula	5 108	771	252	1061	4623
Athens	2,299	1,250	154	1316	3451
Auglaize	912	1 604	66	1759	926
Belmont	1,817	2 810	1 753	2574	2970
Brown	1,763	2,100	428	2491	1919
Butler	2,201	3,599	396	4234	2762
Carroll	1,150	1,226	87	1061	1586
Champaign	1 846	1 711	320	2076	2614
Clark	2 641	1,339	164	1156	3063
Clermont	2,184	2,741	781	2898	2818
Clinton	2,117	1,170	316	1183	2164
Columbiana	3,514	2,497	96	2308	3519
Coshocton	2,163	2,261	64	2511	2233
Crawford	1,685	2,154	93	2543	1666
Cuyahoga	6,308	4 445	296	4251	7319
Darke	2,056	1 968	309	2540	2311
Defiance	931	895	33	1214	940
Delaware	2,367	1,649	230	1799	3121
Erie	2 254	1 877	13	1612	2465
Fairfield	1,703	3,333	111	3877	2050
Fayette	1 332	880	373	1231	1809
Franklin	3,454	3,761	574	5163	4150
Fulton	1 196	772	64	1047	1501
Gallia	910	1,841	1,205	1671	1761
Geauga	2,091	676	64	885	2421
Greene	3,023	1,465	214	1126	2743
Guernsey	2,302	1,913	210	1885	2420
Hamilton	8,345	13,931	3,640	14087	14473
Hancock	1 773	1 944	87	2178	2146
Hardin	1,001	892	83	1255	1383
Harrison	2,020	1,473	110	1316	1907
Henry	567	668	23	1006	709
Highland	1,810	2,140	694	2698	2140
Hocking	1,031	1 454	115	1755	1263
Holmes	1 093	2,163	5	2233	1236
Huron	3,463	1,709	84	1915	3758
Jackson	934	1,343	416	1613	1654
Jefferson	2,454	1,921	259	1923	2444
Knox	2,735	2,437	131	2416	2746
Lake	2,217	623	29	871	2256
Lawrence	548	1,150	963	1291	1551
Licking	2,627	3,371	417	3952	3115
Logan	2,091	1,378	267	1667	2175
Lorain	3,604	1,480	54	1965	3604
Lucas	1,633	1,204	496	1979	2630
Madison	997	168	476	1150	1390
Mahoning	2,323	1,807	19	1908	2541
Marion	1,367	1 373	4	1655	1474
Medina	2,035	1 673	22	1124	2390
Meigs	1,998	1,348	344	1712	2761
Mercer	629	1 169	114	1567	791
Miami	2,771	1 594	150	2401	2329
Monroe	1 016	2,819	413	3089	1310
Montgomery	4,038	4,268	591	5417	4665
Morgan	2,126	1,609	301	1641	2831
Morrow	2,161	1,067	101	1583	2117
Muskingum	3 172	3,231	1 034	3291	3418
Noble	1 603	1,337	154	1554	1791
Ottawa	451	677	1	663	479
Paulding	4.6	130	3	323	474
Perry	1 385	1,847	492	1842	1556
Pickaway	1 724	2,006	302	2751	1916
Pike	633	1 173	873	1458	904
Portage	2,561	2,073	6	1867	2908
Preble	2,349	1,661	272	1615	2698
Putnam	730	1,116	4	1475	915
Richland	2,738	2,509	83	2199	2625
Ross	2,436	2,681	591	3119	2573
Sandusky	1 604	1,529	45	2103	1796
Scioto	846	1 421	1 321	1923	2068
Seneca	2,665	2,606	102	2155	2914
Shelby	1,354	1 445	127	1742	1610
Stark	3,779	3,638	79	3825	3644
Summit	2,849	1,746	74	1705	3245
Trumbull	4,043	1,994	18	1602	3703
Tuscarawas	3,007	2,486	26	2610	2667
Union	1,431	1,065	263	1227	1491
Van Wert	758	723	24	874	767
Vinton	934	1 174	61	1340	1241
Warren	2,685	1 276	344	1624	2906
Washington	2,743	2,551	311	2899	2744
Wayne	2,904	2,918	47	3320	3195
Williams	1 327	1 023	49	1 10	1616
Wood	1 319	985	143	1291	1758
Wyandotte	1 247	1,578	106	1635	1569
Total	187 4?7	170,874	28,125	192 945	212,924

WHAT COL. MORRISON THINKS OF DOUGLAS' CHANCES IN ILLINOIS.

The Attention of the Press and Tribune Respectfully Solicited.

The following letter from Col. MORRISON, who heads our electoral ticket, sets at rest the silly story invented by the *Press and Tribune*, that he had expressed the opinion that Ill., was lost to Douglas:

PRAIRIE CITY, Ill., Oct. 17, 1860.

Editor Times and Herald.—I understand today, for the first time, that the *Press and Tribune*, in a recent number published what purported to be a statement of mine to the effect, that Douglas could not carry Illinois.

The statement is wholly untrue. I have never for one moment since the campaign opened doubted the success of the Illinois Democracy, and feel as confident to day as I did two weeks ago. It is a proud consolation to see that whilst treachery and internal dissensions have done the work of dissolution elsewhere, the gallant Democracy of our State are as unconquered in feelings, ardor and enthusiasm, as in the day of their brightest prosperity. I have addressed ten public meetings in the precincts since the disastrous news from Indiana reached us, and whether by day or night, I have never seen more enthusiasm or determination to triumph exhibited by any party, than that which now animates Illinois Democrats. [illegible] Indianians, placed in a most exposed condition through the inefficiency of their Brigadier-General, were driven in confusion from the field. They fled by the Illinoisans, who were commanded to kneel whilst their panic-stricken neighbors passed them; but at the order to "Up and at the enemy!" every man did his duty nobly to his flag and State. The recent Indiana rout has been brought about by the "exposed" position of her Democracy, under the command of the same inefficient General Joe Lane. Our men were not discouraged at Buena Vista by that disaster;—nor are they dismayed now.

Give them the order that Nelson promulgated at Trafalgar, "If the smoke and confusion of the battle obscures the signals of the admiral, that English captain who lays himself aboard the nearest of the enemy's ships, will best serve the crown and obey my order." So let us say to our indomitable Democracy: he who first lays himself, politically, aboard the nearest Republican, best serves his party, his country, and its institutions, as they are without change.

Respectfully your obedient servant,
J. L. D. MORRISON.

Official Vote for Supreme Judge.

We publish elsewhere the official vote of Ohio on the 9th of October, for Supreme Judge, exclusive of the county of Meigs, from which we have, as yet, received no returns.

The vote for Smith is 198,169, and that for Brinkerhoff is 210,093. The vote of Meigs county will run the aggregate for Smith up to nearly two hundred thousand votes. The illegal and negro votes cast for Brinkerhoff are at least double the amount of his majority.

With diligence on the part of the opponents of Lincoln from this time until the Presidential election, and vigilance on that day in guarding the polls from illegal votes, the contest in Ohio will be settled against the Republicans on the great day of trial. Activity and energy, and a firm resolve on the part of every Union man in Ohio to discharge his duty, and all will be well.—*O. Statesman*.

—The *Ohio Statesman* says: It is rumored that Mr Jewell designs contesting the election of Mr. Cutler, in the Muskingum Congressional District. The ground of contest is that Mr. Cutler is elected by the votes of negroes.

You be Hanged.

The accomplished and beautiful Mrs. HARTUNG, of Albany, N. Y., is running quite a legal tilt with her neck in a halter. She was convicted some eighteen months since of poisoning her husband and sentenced to be hung, the eccentric Judge naming Wednesday instead of Friday, hangman's day for the execution. Whether respect for her beauty or Wednesday most contributed to the postponement, does not appear, but a stay of proceedings was had and her counsel's pleadings for a new trial have resulted in a grant for that purpose. In the interim the New York Legislature has unconditionally repealed the old law on capital punishment, and substituted a new one, so vague and foggy that the "Philadelphia Lawyers" even "give it up." It provides that one year shall intervene between conviction and execution for murder. The law totally omits to define the mode of execution, whether the criminal shall be hung, burned, garroted, shot, poisoned, drowned, bled, chloroformed, kicked or kissed to death. The Court, however, have concluded that the year of contemplation before execution, is *ex post facto* and cannot apply to Mrs. HARTUNG, should she again be convicted.

Again, the "execution," whatever mode it be, is to take place whenever ordered by the Governor. But suppose the Governor neglects to order, ignoring the matter altogether, what then? When shall the prison door be opened, if at all, or must the prisoner remain a "minute man" to abide the caprice of the Governor as to time and mode?

If our New York neighbors fall back on Common law, they will find Mrs. HARTUNG's offence denominated "Petty Treason" and punishable by burning at the stake. Altogether, Mrs. HARTUNG's matters are a little mixed. We believe though, that she like her name contains too much *art* to be Hung.

From the Far West.

We exchange with a paper called the *Huntsman's Echo*, published at Wood River Center, Buffalo County, Nebraska Territory. By reference to the map it will be seen that *The Echo* is pretty near sun down, the most Western paper this side of Pike's Peak. The following items we clip from the last number, Oct. 4th:

BEAVER.—A curious piece of mechanism is now being formed some forty rods below our office in shape of a fresh beaver-dam. They are now cutting and putting in timbers and brush.

OUR TELEGRAPH LINE.—We are informed that the poles are erected from Omaha to a point above Shoemaker's—35 miles below here, and with the exception of some two or three loads, are distributed the whole distance to Kearney.

—Our neighbors, below, seem to have formed a hang thief association. A very good plan, and it might be well for our citizens to form a Vigilance committee here: for we shall be annoyed with horse-thieves until a few of them [illegible] the limbs of trees along Wood River.

FROM THE MINES.—No news of special interest has recently transpired. No news whatever of A. C. Ford.—Business dull at Denver, and thousands still leaving the mines. Immense quantities of freights going up—some report meeting 100 freight-wagons a day. Theft and robberies not quite as common as formerly—weather still comfortable in the mountains.

INDIANS "MAKING UP."—There is now in progress the forming of a treaty of peace between the Sioux and Pawnees. Hope it will be consummated.

NO FROST.—Our gardens and fields are still verdant, and potatoes are "making" rapidly.

Dangerous Necessity.

GORDON, who fled from Jefferson (Pike's Peak) to eastern Kansas, and was there arrested by his pursuer and taken back to answer the charge of murder, has been tried without law, sentenced without law, and hung without law.

When his captor returned to Denver, the people assembled and quite a struggle followed between those who were for hanging without even the form of trial and those who thought it advisable to go through with the forms. The latter prevailed. Some one moved that A. B. act as Chairman, of the crowd, got a second, put the vote and declared it carried. C. D. was nominated and elected JUDGE. E. F. was elected Prosecutor, I. J. Sheriff. The Sheriff in this case refused to serve under such a d—n Judge and the whole election was thrown up and the crowd adjourned till next day. The "hang first and try after," party again turned out in the night to "go it" their way but were driven off by the law and order party. Next day a new set of officers were elected, a jury empanneled, the prisoner tried, convicted, sentenced, hung, and the officers disbanded. What a farce! What a mingling of the sublime and the ridiculous! And yet what else can they do? They are 60,000 people of adventuresome spirits, ex-Governors, ex Judges, lawyers, merchants, priests, farmers, mechanics, gamblers, thieves, murderers &c. without law, and though Congress can spend 60 days deciding whether a Helper-book-backer or a New Jersey Granny should be speaker, they have no time to give them a thought, or Nevada or Dakota, all which, with large mixed communities, are driven to the awful necessity, for self defense, of punishing, even capitally, offenders against justice though not against statute law.

The execution of GORDON is murder, however guilty he may have been. Yet again we ask, what can they do? No settled community should be driven to this necessity. This is squatter sovereignty the exercise of which tends to loosen the respect for law, and is extremely hazardous at best. It is a dangerous necessity, the sin of which lies at the door of Congress.

P. S. Since writing the above the telegraph brings us the following fruit which comes in this case long after the terrible necessity is past.

LYNCHING.

OMAHA, N. T., Oct. 16.

Four men under arrest for horse stealing, and confined at Council Bluffs, were taken from the jail last night. One of them, named McGuire, was found suspended from the limb of a tree, near the town, this morning, quite dead. The others are supposed to have shared the same fate, but their bodies have not been found.—Great excitement prevails.

This was wholly uncalled for and cannot be too severely deprecated. The perpetrators once would have shuddered at the very thought of such a crime. The poet well says —

"Sin is a monster of so frightful mien
That to be hated needs but to be seen,
Yet seen too oft—familiar with its face,
We first endure—then pity—then embrace."

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The House of Representatives of the United States Lost to the Republicans.

The election on Tuesday indicates, beyond a doubt, that the next House of Representatives of the United States will be opposed to the Republican party. At present they control it, having organized it with a Republican Speaker, after a long and desperate struggle. The Democrats and opponents of the Republican party have elected the following members in the Free States.

Oregon	
Ohio	8
Pennsylvania	6
Indiana	4
	10

To these may be added the five Southern Districts in Illinois, the two members in California, and at least ten, if not more, in New York, making, in the free States, at least thirty six, with a chance of others in New Jersey, Wisconsin, Michigan and Massachusetts. Every member from the slave States, save Blair, of St. Louis, and perhaps Winter Davis, of Baltimore, if he should be elected, will oppose the Republican party. The House will thus stand:

Democrats in the North	36
Anti Rep. in the South	88
	131

This gives a majority against the Republicans in the House of eleven, as it consists, in all, of but two hundred and thirty-seven members. The United States Senate—which meets after the 4th of March—will also contain a majority opposed to the Republican party. If so unfit, inexperienced, imbecile a man as Lincoln should, unfortunately, be elected President, he would meet both houses of Congress opposed to him at the beginning of his Administration, and would be unable to carry through an Executive measure. There would be a dead lock, an unfriendly feeling to begin with, between him and Congress. As it is now certain that both houses of Congress will be opposed to Lincoln, how foolish for any American citizen to vote for a President who can not accomplish anything, if he should be chosen, and whose Administration would be a pitiable specimen of political impotency.

☞ The reason given why Judge DOUGLAS can endure so much hard service, is that he has got the Constitution of the United States.

WEEKLY PLAIN DEALER.

Tabs.

Come with the Greenbacks.
Tuesday, October 23, 1860.

So sings Wood's Minstrels—to the tune of "Tis Advertised Still. The Country Press are now electing. From all accounts they have been very successful in getting the Democratic votes and the Union, the Rowdies and Office-seekers! To them in response to the kindly invitation we have enrolled, has been heard a shout from their every one to their successors. In our own Ward strong evidence of this contingent, Messrs. Medler, Lewis, Jones and Mayhy Steele and other comrades, that have shown the privilege of playing a spectacle, cards, sheep and horses Northern Ohio. Let us hope that the Democracy of Cuyahoga, and no wonder that the honest and merchants no longer things at their door. Let it follow in rather bad in our country to these latter. There is less much jockeying allowed on the open trade, and not enough room to hold the attention of the committees who award the premiums. There were good reasons for such plans on the local at our late, and competition was not wanting, but there is no local court which the latter from forcing to in this country paper. This sort of thing can be carried on in a large city and it certainly should. County fairs can be made glorious affairs, and when the ends now having upon them in working, they will be. Work it out.

"Die, Lincoln! quit."

Single or Double Measure?

There is a law in the State of Ohio, by which the young man when he considers the question, whether he shall travel single or double, he will be single or double horses—whether he shall get horses and have nothing to feed them, or get large and long his tongue in order, or accustom himself to the habit of using it, or to be a good Abolitionist or a good Democrat, or to be himself, a blind mule, a frozen mule?

It is a question of great importance, and should be duly considered by the young man who is about to enter the matrimonial state. Shall he be single or double? Shall he be single

WEEKLY PLAIN DEALER.

The Wide Awakes' Torchlight Procession.

The Wide Awakes made a tolerably respectable show last evening, with their torches and oil skin capes. The *Leader*, which no amount of gold or precious stones could induce to tell a lie, says there were about 600 Wide Awakes out. Others set the number down at 500. We suppose the *Herald*, which wouldn't tell a lie for nine sawmills and seven large chests of gold, will probably put the number down at 1,000. It don't particularly matter. The show was a fair one. Several stores on Water and Superior streets were finely illuminated. The torch bearers splashed boldly through the mud and water, and gave the ladies and gentlemen and little children at the windows and the on sidewalks a good chance to see them. The Wide Awakes marched through the principal streets to Perry Park, where there were speeches. Honest Old C. W. NOBLE, the President, arose and stated that the Wide Awake Glee Club would favor the audience with a ballad, whereupon three rail-splitter arose and executed a song requesting "freemen to arise!" It occured to us that the singers merited about three months in the County Jail. That sentence would be mild. How men in human shape can get up and deliberately torture an audience as these balladists did astonishes us. The President then introduced that well know rail splitter, Honest Old PARSONS, who spoke of freedom and things, and was followed by other eminent rail-splitters, Honest Old S. O. GRISWOLD, Honest Old Hi GRISWOLD, TOM FORD, WM. SLADE, Jr., Honest Old OAKLEY, and young JOHN GRANNIS. It is worthy of remark that none of these speakers are office seekers. They scorn office. Ah yes! They are honest, hardfisted fellows, who split rails and sit on their doorsteps in their shirtsleeves, like Old ABE.

During the evening an inspired young man from Rockport named WHITEHEAD volunteerd an original song. In a voice which strongly reminded the enraptured listener of a cask of tenpenny nails rolling down stairs, Mr. WHITEHEAD sang thus:

> 'Douglas and Johnson are lyin' side by side,
> They ain't fit for a Nation's pride!'

And thus

> 'Linkin and Hammerlin are stnin' side by side,
> They air fit for to be a Nation's pride.'

Several persons in the audience were moved to tears. Others were moved to go and get a drink. We understand Mr. WHITEHEAD isn't only between twenty-one years of old.

E unibus plurum Ebony go Brag!

"Footfalls Upon the Boundary of Another World."

This is an age of spirits and ghosts. Our departed friends come back to us and communicate to us in reference to the land beyond the stars. It is true the intelligence they give is rather unsatisfactory and unintelligible, and is often imparted with a startling defiance of the long established rules of grammar. But still the spirits are supposed to come. And so do the sheeted dead. Mr. ROBERT DALE OWEN, a veracious gentleman from Indiana, tells a lot of charming ghost stories in his book called "Footfalls upon the Boundary of Another World." He trots out a great variety of ghosts—American, English, Irish, Ethiopian, Dutch, Hottentot, etc., etc., who come to their friends in the flesh in the deep night—come noiselessly and hover around the bedside; and then as noiselessly depart. He tells of a lord of high degree, in a land beyond the seas, who after lying quietly in his tomb for a couple hundred years, arises one night, walks to another part of the tomb and lies down again, this time on his face—a pretty big thing for a dead man to do, we should say, be he lord or peasant.

We have a short ghost story to tell. Here is another "footfall," which the truthful OWEN is welcome to print in the next edition of his ghostly book.

A family up town has in its employ a German servant girl. She has been employed by the family for over a year, and has given unqualified satisfaction. Sometime since strange noises were heard in her room at night. On being questioned as to the meaning of these mysterious sounds she stated that the ghost of a young man she had known in the Old Country appeared to her every night, precisely at the hour of twelve. The family thought this was only a foolish notion of the girl—a nightmare fancy, perhaps—and dismissed the matter without farther thought. A few days since the family were shocked to discover that the girl was the mother of a fine infant boy! We have tried to couch this item in unexceptionable language. The mother and her little ghost are doing well.

Stick to It.

"Whatever avocation you adopt be sure and stick to it. A rolling stone gathers no moss."

We extract the foregoing from an article that has been very widely copied by newspapers. The article is addressed to young men. No worse advice than that contained in this extract could be volunteered. The idea of a young man "sticking" to an employment he has no heart or predilection for is ruinously absurd. If this idea is a sound one, ELIHU BURRITT should have kept on shoeing horses, and U. S. Senator WILSON should now be pounding out soleleather on a lapstone. JOHN BROUGHAM should be preaching the Gospel, for which holy calling he was educated, and HORACE GREELEY should be setting type at thirty cents a thousand. Mr. DOUGLAS should be shoving a jackplane, and Mr. LINCOLN should be in command of a Mississippi flatboat. PATRICK HENRY'S eloquent voice should never have rung out against British intolerance and despotism, but he should have kept on squeezing lemons and [illegible] COOPER, had he continued in the navy, might have attained the proud position of commander of a one-horse sloop-of-war before he died! But the world would never have seen The Spy, The Pathfinder and The Wept-of-Wishton wish — BRIGNOLI, the matchless tenor, was reared to the soap and candle business, yet he acted wisely in not "sticking to it." One of the most brilliant journalists in New York was in his youth apprenticed to a sausage maker in the Bowery—a very respectable calling, but one in which the journalist would have made a dead failure, and the public would have never enjoyed his sparkling and slashing leaders. On the other hand, we sometimes encounter men who fail utterly as editors, but who would doubtless have succeeded brilliantly as sausage makers. But why continue? Don't "stick" to a calling for which you are not adapted. The moment something congenial turns up, try it on.

The Imports of Cleveland.

The following amount of merchandize was imported at this port on American vessels, under the provisions of the Reciprocity treaty of 1854, during the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1860:

ARTICLES.	QUANTITY.	VALUE.
Grain	3,093 bush.	$3,180
Flour and breadstuffs	478 cwts.	1,281
Animals other than for breed	16	351
Seeds, plants, etc.	——	61
Vegetables	900 bush.	454
Eggs	63,000	401
Hides and skins	600	108
Butter	1,823 lbs	185
Lard	840 lbs	86
Ores of metals of all kinds	494 tons	1,519
Timber	——	7,913
Firewood	78 cords	49
In British vessels:—		
Grain	2,280 bush.	4,486
Flour and breadstuffs	10 cwts.	17
Vegetables	25 bush.	10
Fish	1 bbl	4
Eggs	400	3
Butter	420 lbs	50
Ores	801 tons	928
Timber	——	4,549

The Octoroon in Court Again.

Another suit growing out of the play of the Octoroon, has just been decided in the U. S. Circuit Court at Boston. The opinion of the Court is published in the *Courier*. GEO. ROBERTS, the husband of "Miss" KIMBERLY, who had by assignment from BOUCICAULT the exclusive right to produce the Octoroon in the United States, except in six large cities, asked for an injunction to restrain JOHN C. MYERS, W. F. BONIFACE, ANNIE SENTER and others from playing the Octoroon. Judge SPRAGUE, in giving the opinion of the Court, decided every point in favor of the plaintiff, and ordered an injunction against the defendants.

A Journeyman Printer Strikes Oil.

A journeyman printer in an Erie printing office, as we are reliably informed, put on a "sub," last week, went to the Meadville oil district, bought an oil claim on time, struck oil, and has been offered $20,000 for his chance. He had better take it. It is "a fat take." The lucky printer's name is GEO. SIMONTON and he formerly worked in this office.

Juries for the United States Courts—November Term.

The Grand Jury and District Court Jury will meet on the second Tuesday in November.

GRAND JURY.

Kent Jarvis, Stark County.
Geo. W. Smith, Hardin.
H. T. High, Morrow.
S. W. Shaw, "
Daniel P. Leadbetter, Millersburgh.
Lewis De Moss, Coshocton.
Jas. Myers, Summit.
A. Wilhelm, Tuscarawas.
Elisha Gorham, Fulton.
C. C. Marshal, Allen.
Ralph Russell, Cuyahoga.
Erastus B. Tyler, Portage.
Charles Powers, Sandusky.
William Mathews, Trumbull.
J. L'Hommedieu, Summit.

PETIT JURY—CIRCUIT COURT.

Summoned for the 4th of December next.

Perry Buck, Union.
Christian Fisher, Holmes.
Absolom Thrift, Knox.
T. Campbell, Coshocton.
Wm. Cummins, Richland.
—— Spring, Ashtabula.
Asa G. Dimick, Coshocton.
A. D. Kibbe, Trumbull.
Robert Lusk, Wayne.
John Zimmerman, Wayne.
A. McGregor, Stark.
John Lander, East Cleveland.

PETIT JURY—DISTRICT COURT.

E. B. Hastings, Columbiana.
Jesse Parker, Portage.
A. M. Hollabaugh, Hancock.
Joseph Pelton, Lake.
Charles Smith, Marion.
Horace Steele, Jr., Lake.
H. D. Mason, Lucas.
W. W. Howe, "
Henry A. Stidger, Carroll.
John Templeton, "
Charles C. Alken, Cuyahoga.
John W. Allen, "

For the Plain Dealer.

Ft. Lupton—The Assay—Antelopes—Moonlight Reveries—Future Rambles and Prospects.

FT. LUPTON, J. T., Sept. 26.

DEAR DEALER:—I have for some time neglected you till perhaps "you marvel much at my long delay." I am 26 miles down the Platt from Denver, stopping at Ft. Lupton which is situated on the south bank of South Platte, and built after the old Feudal style of England and Scotland, with its flanking towers at the angle and the "Donjon" near the main entrance, and in the basement of which are several cells originally designed as places of confinement, but thirty years rain and sun have left the old towers in such a condition that a person might easily break out unless in so doing it should tumble down, a calamity which in its dilapidated condition need not surprise any one. I sat for hours last night gazing at the old Fort by moonlight and I could conceive of nothing lacking to complete the Feudal picture, but some old Feudal Baron of the sixteenth century clad cap-a-pie in armor, keeping watch and ward. In front of us as far as the eye could see, is one broad unbroken sandy plain covered with occasional bunches of Buffalo grass which is fast fading in September's sun. Back of us is the ever devising Platt with its intermittent groves of Aspen and Cottonwood. Fifty miles to the west, vast, yet indistinct as the ghost of Hoeren, rise the Rocky mountains with their snow clad summits nestling in the clouds. Altogether, this is a romantic place. I am awaiting the assay of minerals bound east, but expect soon to join brother George in the mountains and spend a week or two, and then drop down into New Mexico to winter. I have been roaming over the hills since my last letter, with not the best conveniences for writing, still I beg of you, don't let BONNER get hold of your PLAIN DEALER with my letters in, lest I be bored with proposals to write for the *Ledger*, and as a final result be nominated for Vice President and so ruined.

SEPT. 27th.—I broke off rather abruptly yesterday to go in quest of a herd of antelope which I discovered feeding close by on the prairie.—I had a fine run of four hours and did some crawling that would do credit to a Pawnee, but I was well paid, for I succeeded in sending a ball through the heart of the proud leader of the flock! Hoora for me!!

As to great riches, I see no indications that lead me to think I am one of fortunes favored few, and indeed, in these parts they are "like angels visits, few and far between." Yet I have unbounded confidence in my final success on the principle of "fool for luck." I see by the pictorial papers that you have had a great time in Cleveland with the inauguration of Walcutt's Perry. When I shall have the pleasure of seeing it is quite uncertain, yet

> "When I think of my own native land
> In a moment I seem to be there."

But alas recollections at hand soon hurries me back to the Rocky Mountains prospecting for gold.

Yours, NED.

Some "Pumpkins."

Since the State elections are over and the returns are sufficiently in, we are at liberty to turn our attention to pumpkins, which, with niggers, forms the staple of this Reserve. If any of our agricultural readers can beat the following pumpkin story we shall be glad to hear from them:

WENTWORTH AVENUE, CHICAGO,
October 13, 1860.

Messrs Editors:—In my garden is a pumpkin vine upon which grew, this season, fifty-three dumpkins, weighing eleven hundred ninety and three fourths (1190¾) pounds. With the exception of three or four of the young members of the family, all are of respectable size.

In fairness to the vine, it is proper to state that the pumpkins were gathered twelve days previous to any frost, which would have given the smaller ones ample time to attain a good size, had they remained on the vine.

I gathered my pumpkins on the first of October, and on the 10th I found my old vine with fresh blossoms, and another crop of little pumpkins.

I challenge Illinois and "the rest of mankind" to produce an equal family of pumpkins—the winner to have all the pumpkins. If any one can beat it, he will please come with two wagons, and oblige W. G. S.

That is "some" we will admit, but LUCIUS PHILLIPS, the American Farmer, near Cleveland, had a pumpkin vine escape from his garden by getting out between two rails in his fence, and it ran along the railroad track towards Sandusky. LUCIUS undertook a foot race with the vine, but it ran so fast he had finally to take to the cars. He went to Sandusky as fast as the Northern division could carry him, and was told on his arrival there that "the vine had passed that city *some hours before*(!)"

Has the Chicago man any more pumpkin stories to tell?

Population of the Southern District of Ohio.

We give below the complete returns of the different counties (excepting Hamilton) in the Southern District of Ohio, taken under the supervision of Col. L. W. Sifford, U. S. Marshal. Cincinnati is put down at 162,000, though the Marshal is revising the work done, and will undoubtedly have 3,000 to 5,000 names more to add. The aggregate increase in this District, in round numbers, is 200,000.

We give the returns of 1850, also, that the reader may compare them with the returns of 1860. It must be borne in mind, however, that the boundaries of several of the counties have been changed since 1850:

	1850	1860
Adams	18,883	20,317
Athens	18,215	21,406
Belmont	34,600	[illegible]
Brown	27,332	29,963
Butler	30,789	35,831
Champaign	19,762	22,681
Clark	22,178	25,301
Clermont	30,455	33,029
Clinton	18,838	21,001
Darke	20,276	26,975
Fairfield	30,264	30,523
Fayette	12,7[illegible]	15,935
Franklin	42,909	50,613
Gallia	17,061	22,046
Greene	21,946	26,197
Guernsey	30,438	24,484
Highland	25,781	27,737
Hocking	14,119	[illegible]
Jackson	12,719	17,941
Lawrence	15,246	23,252
Licking	38,846	35,644
Madison	10,015	13,003
Meigs	17,971	26,512
Mercer	7,712	14,110
Miami	24,999	29,931
Montgomery	38,216	51,247
Monroe	28,351	25,781
Morgan	28,585	23,120
Muskingum	45,049	44,873
Noble (new county)		21,779
Perry	20,775	19,674
Pickaway	21,006	23,469
Pike	10,953	13,643
Preble	21,736	21,797
Ross	32,074	35,076
Scioto	18,428	24,347
Shelby	13,958	17,511
Vinton	9,353	10,698
Warren	25,560	26,541
Washington	29,540	36,273
Total	1,0[illegible]4,632	1,[illegible]62,157

—*Cin. Gaz.*

"Our Own Reporter."

DOUGLAS has got something else besides his "Great Principle." It is a *Reporter*. He refused to commence his speech yesterday before his *Own Reporter* should arrive and all other reporters were ejected from the stand. Not another individual besides his *Own Reporter* was permitted to use the table.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

We'll bet two dollars and a half the Detroit *Advertiser* is a liar and leave it to himself.

HALIFAX, Oct. 16.—The *Arabia* arrived at 9 o'clock this morning with 121 Boston passengers.

Latest via Queenstown.—LONDON, Saturday.—3 P. M.—A letter from Rome says that the Piedmontese Lancers galloped close to the gates of Rome in chase of the pontifical Gen. Dames.

NAPLES.—Bertani, late Secretary General of the Dictator, writes to contradict the statement that he had given orders to oppose by force the Piedmontese troops into the Neapolitan Territory. He also states that neither himself nor Garibaldi ever thought of counselling the immediate occupation of Rome at the risk of a conflict with France.

PARIS, Saturday A. M.—The *Moniteur* says the affairs of Syria have entered on a new phase. Military action will now be exercised by our troops.

Some other chiefs have been arrested and tried at Beirut.

The Caimakin of Druses is now among the prisoners.

These measures have produced a kind of panic among the Druses of the mountains and their attitude is more undecided.

Measures have been taken for the Protection of the French manufacturers.

HALIFAX, Oct. 16.—Ancona has capitulated and Lamoriciere surrendered to Admiral Persano.

A great victory is reported at Gaeta, where 2,000 prisoners were taken.

Garibaldi is said to have issued the following programme:

"HEAD QUARTERS, Oct. 1.

"Victory along the whole line. The Royal troops are being pursued. The Sardinian Chambers have resolved that King Victor Emanuel be authorized to annex to Sardinia those provinces of Central and Southern Italy in which the population by direct universal suffrage vote to become an integral part of the constitutional monarch."

The Sardinian army has not yet entered the Neapolitan Territory, but Garibaldi announces that they will soon do so.

The head quarters will be at Aquilla, and Victor Emanuel will command in person.

Messina still holds out.

Garibaldi has made some modifications in his Ministry to meet the views of the Neapolitans.

Bertani, nicknamed Garibaldi's evil genius, has been dismissed, and a better feeling exists between Victor Emanuel and Garibaldi.

The latter has written to the King, inviting him to permit him to retire to his island home.

A new manifesto of Mazzini declares that no King of Italy should be proclaimed before the Kingdom of Italy is organized at Rome.

Awful Calamity at Collinsville, Ill.

COLLINSVILLE, Oct. 11.—To-day, about 9½ o'clock, one of the most awful calamities that ever happened to a small village, occurred here. The small portable engine and boiler recently put up by Mr. J. A. Logan, on Main street, opposite Mrs. Wickliffe's residence, burst with tremendous force, instantly killing Mr. Logan, little Willie H. Wing, son of Dr. H. Wing, and two other men, names not known, and fatally injured Turner Johnson, and severely bruising and scalding several others.

Little Willie was blown through the end of the building nearly one hundred yards, and through a board fence, but was, strange to tell, not much disfigured. The two not recognized were shockingly mutilated, their heads being torn to pieces. The boiler was thrown across the street, carrying away in its course a fence and the woodhouse of Mrs. Wickliffe.

Our village is in deep mourning. Mr. Logan leaves a wife and one child.

KALAMAZOO, Oct. 16.—Judge Douglas arrived here by special train from Detroit, and was met at the depot by an immense crowd and escorted through the principal streets, followed by a procession over two miles in length. An immense arch entwined with evergreens was thrown across the streets bearing the words—"Welcome to Douglas" on one side and "Popular Sovereignty" on the other. Streets are alive with banners, and much enthusiasm everywhere. 25,000 people present. Torch-light procession to night.

☞ DEAFNESS.—It is so rare that deafness is cured that we take pleasure in calling attention to the two following cases, in this vicinity, treated by Dr. Knapp, the Oculist and Aurist, of 66 Bond Street, Cleveland. One that of a lady, who had in vain tried the skill of other Aurists, was restored to the hearing of a watch held at two feet distant from the ear. The other, that of a young man *afflicted nine years*, who, in a few weeks, was restored to perfect hearing. As it is said that deafness is seldom or never cured, except by a regular Aurist, those who are deaf will do well to call on Dr. Knapp.—*Oberlin (Lorain Co.) News.*

CENSUS.—The official returns of the several prominent Western cities, for 1850 and 1860, are as follows:

CITIES.	1850	1860.
St. Louis	77,860	162,179
Cincinnati	115,436	160,060
Chicago	28,620	109,420
Louisville	43,196	75,195
Detroit	21,019	46,854
Cleveland	17,034	46,550
Milwaukee	20,060	45,000

Or an increase in the population of St. Louis since 1850 of about 110 per cent; Cincinnati, 40 per cent.; Louisville, 75 per cent.; Milwaukee, 125 per cent.; Detroit, 125 per cent.; Cleveland, 230 per cent., Chicago, 290 per cent.

This puts Cleveland next to Chicago in rapidity of increase during the last decade.

A PIOUS INTENTION DEFEATED.—If Pennsylvania and Indiana had gone Democratic on Tuesday, it would have enabled us to break the defeat of Lincoln gradually to the Republicans. But as it is now, it must come upon them all at once. There is no avoiding it. The effect will be perfectly overwhelming, if not crushing on them. We sincerely wished for a more merciful dispensation, although their punishment, if greater than they can bear, will nevertheless be just. Still we desired "to temper justice with mercy," but we cannot do it now. "They have sinned away the day of grace."—*Washington News.*

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INPECTINE; OR, PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.
FEVER AND AGUE EXTERMINATED.
THE HUMAN CONSTITUTION SAVED FROM WRECK
THE PREVENTIVE AND REMEDY FOR ALL INTERMITTENT AND BILIOUS FEVERS.
CURES INSURED IN A DAY.
NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE.
INPECTINE, INPECTINE, INPECTINE, INPECTINE, INPECTINE, INPECTINE.
MEDICINAL DISEASES.
EXTREME HELPLESSNESS.
INVALUABLE INPECTINE, OR PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.
ALL TRACES OF DISEASE MAY BE ANNIHILATED IN A FEW HOURS.
SELF-CARE IS BETTER THAN PHYSIC.
NATURE IS WISER THAN ART.
EVERY DISEASE HAS A DIVINE REMEDY.
THE WISE APPLY WHILE THE FOOLISH DREAM.
BETTER PREVENT THAN STRIVE TO CURE.
DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.
THE INPECTINE, OR PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.
WONDERFUL EFFECTS.
INPECTINE, OR PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.
TRY IT, PROVE IT, KNOW IT.
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INPECTINE
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND MEDICINE DEALERS IN AMERICA.
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